

CENTROS DE GRAVEDAD

LONGITUD

$$dm = \lambda dl; \quad \lambda : \text{kg/m}; \quad M = \lambda L$$

$$x_G = \frac{\int x dm}{\int dm} = \frac{\lambda \int x dl}{\lambda L} = \frac{\int x dl}{L}; \quad \int x dl = x_G L$$

ÁREA

$$dm = \sigma dA; \quad \sigma : \text{kg/m}^2; \quad M = \sigma A$$

$$x_G = \frac{\iint x dm}{\iint dm} = \frac{\sigma \iint x dA}{\sigma A} = \frac{\iint x dA}{A}; \quad \iint x dA = x_G A$$

VOLUMEN

$$dm = \rho dv; \quad \rho : \text{kg/m}^3; \quad M = \rho V$$

$$x_G = \frac{\iiint x dm}{\iiint dm} = \frac{\rho \iiint x dv}{\rho \iiint dv} = \frac{\iiint x dv}{V}; \quad \iiint x dv = x_G V$$

$$\iiint y dv = y_G V$$

$$\iiint z dv = z_G V$$

MOMENTOS DE INERCIA

Respecto a un punto: $\iiint (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dv = I_0$

Respecto a los ejes coordenados:

$$\iiint (y^2 + z^2) dv = I_{0X}; \quad \iiint (x^2 + z^2) dv = I_{0Y}; \quad \iiint (x^2 + y^2) dv = I_{0Z}$$

Respecto a los planos coordenados

$$\iiint x^2 dv = I_{Y0Z} \quad \iiint y^2 dv = I_{X0Z} \quad \iiint z^2 dv = I_{X0Y}$$

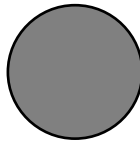
MOMENTOS DE INERCIA DE FIGURAS GEOMÉTRICAS

Varilla de masa M y longitud L



$$I_0 = \frac{ML^2}{3}; \quad I_G = \frac{ML^2}{12}$$

Círculo de radio R



$$I_G = I_{GZ} = \frac{1}{2}MR^2$$

$$I_{GX} = I_{GY} = \frac{1}{4}MR^2$$

Rectángulo de base a y altura b



$$I_G = I_{GZ} = \frac{M(a^2 + b^2)}{12} \quad I_{GX} = \frac{Mb^2}{12} \quad I_{GY} = \frac{Ma^2}{12}$$

$$I_0 = I_{0Z} = \frac{M(a^2 + b^2)}{3}; \quad I_{0X} = \frac{Mb^2}{3} \quad I_{0Y} = \frac{Ma^2}{3}$$

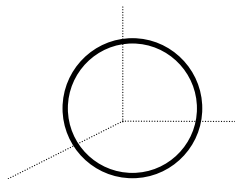
Cilindro de radio R y altura H

$$I_G = I_{XGY} + I_{GZ}$$



$$I_G = \frac{MR^2}{2} + \frac{MH^2}{12}$$

Esfera de radio R

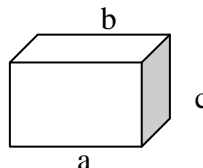


$$I_G = \frac{3MR^2}{5}$$

$$I_{GX} = I_{GY} = I_{GZ} = \frac{2MR^2}{5}$$

$$I_{XGY} = I_{XGZ} = I_{YGZ} = \frac{MR^2}{5}$$

Prisma de lados a, b, c



$$I_0 = \frac{M(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)}{3}$$

$$I_G = I_{XGY} + I_{XGZ} + I_{YGZ} = \frac{M(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)}{3}$$